## CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY INFORMATION REPORT

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COUNTRY	East Germany	REPORT	
SUBJECT	Ministry for Heavy Industry: Matration for Lignite Plan Fulfil	ain Adminis∽ date distr. Iment	7 September 1955 25X1
		NO. OF PAGES	3
DATE OF INF	F0.	REQUIREMENT NO.	RD
PLACE ACQU	URED	REFERENCES	25X1
DATE ACQUII	RED		25X1
	Tr	nis is UNEVALUATED Information	

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(FOR KEY SEE REVERSE)

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1. The lignite industry fulfilled its production plan during the period from 1 January 1955 to 30 April 1955 as follows:

Plan Position	Borna	Halle	Senftenberg	Main Administration
Strip Mine Clearing Raw Coal Sifted Coal Briquettes Electrical Power	92.6% 98.4% 94.8% 98.4% 98.6%	91.4% 102.3% 98.0% 100.3% 119.7%	100.1% 100.2% 93.5% 98.3% 92.2%	96.4% 100.6% 93.9% 98.9%

For the Main Administration as a whole, plan arrears existed on 30 April 1955 in the following items:

Strip mining
Sifted and lump coal
Briquettes

3,855,000 cubic meters
173,000 tons
154,000 tons

The Borna district had arrears in all important plan positions, the Halle district arrears in strip mining were considerable (1,830,000 m<sup>3</sup>), and the Senftenberg district was 88,000 tons behind plan expectations in briquettes.

2. Plan fulfillment in the individual lignite enterprises during the first four months of 1955 presented the following picture:

Borna Halle Senftenberg	Total number of enterprises  114 16 20	Number of important plan positions filled
STATE #X ARMY #X NAVEGRET		0
Washington Washington Indicated Income		

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Enterprises which fulfilled none of the important plan positions were:

Borna District:

Braunkohlenwerk Regis

Braunkohlenwerk Grosszoessen Braunkohlenwerk Thraena Braunkohlenwerk Deutzen

Braunkohlenwerk Zeitz Braunkohlenwerk Profen

Halle District:

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Braunkohlenwerk Gustav Sobottka

Braunkohlenwerk Voelpke
Braunkohlenwerk Nachterstedt

Senftenberg Districts

Braunkohlenwerk Plessa Braunkohlenwerk Senftenberg

3. The gross production plan was fulfilled as follows:

District	l January - 30 April 1955	Same period - 1955 over 1	1954
Borna	99.2%	108.6%	
Halle	101.9%	112. %	
Senftenberg	99.2%	117.9%	
Main Administration	99.8%	113.8%	

4. The decisive factor causing the arrears in plan in strip mine clearing and in briquette production was the inadequate utilization of equipment. During the first quarter of 1955, the Borna district used its stripping equipment 37.4% of the time and Senftenberg its equipment 49.6% of the time. The remaining time was devoted as follows:

	Borna	Senftenberg
General and plan repair conversions	24.4%	13.9%
Mechanical, electrical and other disruptions	3 11,.7%	17.5%
Train shortages (Zugmangel)	23.5%	19.0%

5. The reason about 50% of the briquette plants fell behind in plan fulfillment proved for the most part to be inadequate coaling by the plants during the frost period. As a result, drier stoppages due to coal shortages during the first quarter of 1955 amounted to:

in Meurostolln, Senftonberg 9.31% in Impuls 13.4% 12.46% in Voelpke 2.8%

At the Grosszoessen, Thracha, and Profen plants in the Borna district, the poor showing of the briquette plants was due to inadequate coal supplies and deliveries of wet coal. For these reasons, the Grosszoessen briquette plant fulfilled its plan in the first quarter of 1955 by only 92.0% and utilized the drier 3% less than anticipated. Neukirchen utilized its drier only 88.2% of the time instead of 93.9% as planned.

6. The financial yield of the Main Administration for Lignite was 103.% achieved during the first quarter of 1955, although gross production amounted to only 99.4% of plan. On the Main Administration level there was a yield of 200,000 DNT in excess of plan. While the Borna and Halle districts were able to improve their profit yields beyond plan expectations, Senftenberg's loss in excess of plan increased by about 2,300,000 DME. The Braunkohlenwerk Senftenberg alone accounted for 870,000 DME of the loss in excess of plan, while the Braunkohlenwerk John Scheer's loss in excess of plan was 767,000 DME and Braunkohlenwerk Sedlitz's amounted to 393,000 DME.

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